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21T38AN01A10 Durée : 03 heures Série : G – Coef. 03

Epreuve du 1^{er} groupe

ANGLAIS

Fears of the impact of new technology may be overdone.

A SPECTRE is haunting workers -- the rise of Artificial Intelligence (AI). The fear is that smart computer programs will eliminate millions of jobs, condemning a generation to minimumwage drudgery or enforced idleness. Never mind the robots, fear the software.

- There is no need to be gloomy, say Ken Goldberg of the University of California, Berkeley, and Vinod Kumar, the chief executive of Tata communications, a unit of India's biggest business 5 house (which stands to profit from the spread of AI). They have spread a report that is much more optimistic about the outlook for ordinary employees. In many cases, it says, job satisfaction will be enhanced by the elimination of mundane tasks, giving people time to be more creative.
- Their views are backed up by a survey of 120 senior executives, conducted for the report, which found that more of them (77 %) thought that AI would create new roles than believed it 10 would replace existing positions (57 % respondents could choose both options). Extra skills may be needed to cope with the new technology and more than half of the bosses are already taking steps to train their workforces.
- Previous technology shifts have not had as negative effects on employment as was first feared. The authors note some well-known examples. Bar-code scanners did not eliminate the 15 role of cashiers in America; jobs in the retail industry grew at an annual rate of more than 2 % between 1980 and 2013. The arrival of Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) spared bank employees the job of doling out cash and freed them to offer financial advice to customers.
- Some jobs could be made a lot easier by AI. One example is lorry-driving. Some fear that truck drivers will be replaced by autonomous vehicles. But maneuvering a lorry around busy 20 streets is far harder than driving down the motorway. So, the driver could switch into automatic mode (and get some rest) when outside the big cities, and take over the wheel once again when nearing the destination. The obvious analogy is with jetliners, where the pilots handle take-off and landing but turn on the computer to cruise at 35,000 feet. Using AI may prevent tired drivers from causing accidents. 25

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Turning to office life, AI can help with complex and fiddly tasks like managing supply chains, allocating desk space and keeping records of meetings. All this can free up time for people to work on more important strategic decisions. The authors also think that AI could help collaboration within companies. One obvious example is the elimination of language barriers. Multinational companies may have employees who lack a common language; AI can handle translation in real time so that dialogue is easier.

Source: The Economist USA 09/15/2018, Page 70.

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I) READING CO	OMPREHENSION	(8 marks)	
A) Find in th	ne text SYNONYMS for the fol	llowing words or phrases.	(2 marks)
2) To face 3) Clients	rced (parag. 2) = e (parag. 3) (put a phrasal verb) (parag. 4) = e or difficult (parag. 6) =) =	
B) Are these	e sentences TRUE or FALSE?	? Write <i>T</i> or <i>F</i> and justify by c	uoting the text. (3 marks)
	oots phenomenon seems to be cation :		•
,	etail industry, it took 43 years fo cation :		
,	ing to the author, AI can reinfor t ion :		
	s no doubt that AI will allow eas t ion :	-	
C) What do	the following figures refer to	in the text?	(2 marks)
9) 77 % (li	ine 10)		
10) 57 %	(line 11)		
11) 2 % (l	ine 16)		
12) 35,00	0 (line 24)		
D. Complete	e the sentences meaningfully	using information from the t	text. (1 mark)
	e should not worry about Artific	-	
	ial Intelligence could bring inval	• •	
II) LINGUISTIC	AND COMMUNICATIVE COM	<u>IPETENCE</u> (8 marks))
E. Complete	e the sentences with the corre	ect form of the words in brac	kets. (2 marks)
15) Handł	held devices have	our wo	rld. (revolution)
	ngineers'is that, in se of some gadgets is still not		
	days, all documents can be sca them in a format other than pap		(computer) to

	<u>Epreuve du 1^{er} groupe</u>
F. Use the correct form of the words to complete the dialogue	e below meaningfully (3.5 marks)
A: Hi Paul, I want 19)(buy) a laptop; what do you adv	/ise me 20)(do) ?
B : If I 21) (be) you, I would buy a Dell machine.	
A : 22) (buy) that brand ?	
B: Because they are very sophisticated and their battery lasts lor	ng.
A : Ok 23) (purchase)?	
B: You can purchase that brand at CCBM Electronics. Do 24) it is located ?	(you/know)
A: No, not at all. I don't know its location.	
B: Right; let me drive you there. I am your best friend, 25)	?
A: Yes, you are. Thanks a bundle, my friend.	
B: You're welcome.	
G. Reformulate the sentences without changing their meaning	g. (2.5 marks)
26) Some jobs could be made a lot easier with Artificial Intelligen - Artificial Intelligence	
27) "I don't really know how to use this machine", he said. - He said (that)	
28) Robert started using this computer since primary school, andRobert has	-
29) Our digital manager came near to losing his Mac. - Our digital manager	
30) I would rather not buy this kind of laptop. - I would prefer	

31.a)- **TOPIC 1**: Do you think that Artificial Intelligence represents a real menace to human creativity? Why or why not? Give specific examples and details to support your point.

31.b)- TOPIC 2: Letter Writing

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You are John Edouard, Villa 424 Liberté 6 Dakar. Write a letter to the minister of telecommunications in Senegal to tell him/her about the dangers of using social networks like WhatsApp, Facebook, etc... Suggest some solutions too.